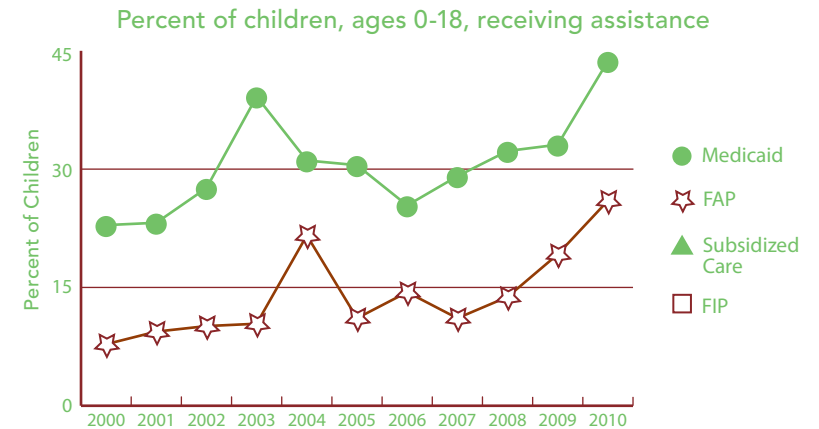


BACKGROUND INFORMATION (ALL DATA ARE FOR 2010 UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED.)



	NUMBER	RATE	MI
FAMILY SUPPORT PROGRAMS			
Children receiving...			
• subsidized child care, ages 0–12 ¹	1	*	3.4%
• FIP cash assistance ^{1,3}	10	2.3%	6.2%
• Food Assistance Program ^{1,4}	112	26.0%	30.4%
Children with support owed			
• receiving none (% of those owed)	40	8.8%	20.7%
• receiving less than 70% of amount	21	52.5%	62.6%



Source: Michigan Department of Human Services and Michigan Department of Community Health, Vital Records and Health Data Development Section.



	2000	2010	% CHANGE
POPULATION			
Child population			
0–17	517	385	-25.5%
• Ages 0-4	103	98	-4.9%
• Ages 5-9	109	114	4.6%
• Ages 10-14	130	112	-13.8%
• Ages 15-19	240	102	-57.5%

	NUMBER	RATE	MI
ACCESS TO HEALTH CARE			
Children insured	391	92.6%	94.9%
Children, ages 0–18 insured by...			
• Medicaid ¹	188	43.7%	40.7%
• MICHild	11	2.5%	1.2%
Fully immunized toddlers, ages 19–35 months (for the series 4:3:1:3:3:1) ¹	16	64.0%	70.0%
Lead poisoning in children, ages 1–2			
• tested	19	38.8%	36.2%
• poisoned (% of tested)	0	*	0.8%
Children, ages 1–14, hospitalized for asthma (rate per 10,000) ²	0	*	20.8
CHILDREN WITH SPECIAL NEEDS			
Babies with a birth defect**	0	*	6.6%
Students in Special Education ¹	2	*	14.4%
Children receiving Supplemental Security Income (rate per 1,000) ¹	4	*	19.2

1 As of December 2010.
 2 Annual rate and number are based on the three-year period 2007–2009 and only for counties with a total number over 20.
 3 Family Independence Program.
 4 State name for the federal Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program, formerly called “food stamps.”

Note: Percentages reflect percent of population unless otherwise noted.
 * Sometimes a rate could not be calculated because of low incidence of events or unavailable data.
 ** Based on three year period 2006-2008.
 N/A not available.
 See Data Notes and Definitions for details.

TRENDS IN CHILD WELL-BEING 2000–2008/09**



	BASE YEAR		CURRENT YEAR		RANK ¹	MI RATE	PERCENT CHANGE IN RATE	
	NUMBER	RATE	NUMBER	RATE			WORSE	BETTER
Economic Security**	<u>2005</u>		<u>2009</u>					
Children in poverty								
• ages 0–17	88	22.9%	84	22.7%	40	22.2%		1
• ages 5–17	61	21.7%	56	22.7%	52	20.2%	5	
	<u>2006</u>		<u>2010</u>					
Students receiving free/reduced price school lunches ²	1	*	1	*	*	46.5%		
Child Health	<u>1998–2000</u>		<u>2007–2009</u>					
Less than adequate prenatal care (2008–09)‡	—	—	7	31.1%	42	29.5%		
Low-birthweight babies	2	*	0	*	* of 81	8.5%		
Infant mortality (per 1,000)	0	*	0	*	* of 49	7.6		
Child deaths, ages 1–14 (per 100,000)	0	*	0	*	* of 34	17.4		
Adolescence								
Births to teens, ages 15–19 (per 1,000)	1	*	1	*	*	33.3		
Teen deaths (per 100,000)	0	*	0	*	* of 39	55.6		
	<u>2007</u>		<u>2010</u>					
High school dropouts**	0	*	0	*	* of 80	11.1%		
Abuse/Neglect (per 1,000)	<u>FY2000</u>		<u>FY2010</u>					
Children in investigated families	10	19.3	10	24.6	1	70.1	27	
Confirmed victims	5	*	1	*	*	13.8		
Children in out-of-home care	0	*	0	*	* of 76	5.1		
Education (not proficient in math)	<u>2003</u>		<u>2010</u>					
Fourth grade (MEAP)	0	*	0	*	*	8.5%		
Eighth grade (MEAP)	0	*	0	*	*	22.0%		
	<u>2008</u>		<u>2010</u>					
High school students (MME)	0	*	0	*	*	49.6%		

● Keweenaw
● Michigan



2009

Live Births
27

Median Household Income
\$35,686

2010

Total Population
2,156

Unemployment Rate
13.6%

¹ A ranking of 1 means a county has the “best” rate compared to other counties in the state. Unless noted, the ranking is based on 82–83 counties.

² Family income for eligible students is below 185 percent poverty level.

* Sometimes a rate could not be calculated because of low incidence of events or unavailable data.

** Due to changes in the data measures, comparisons between 2000 and the current year could not be made for some indicators.

‡ Due to Michigan’s revised birth certificate, 2008–09 data cannot be compared with those of previous years.

MME – Michigan Merit Exam instead of the MEAP.

Beginning in 2007 Michigan high school students have taken the ACT college entrance exam.

Missing bars indicate no change or a rate could not be calculated; a “0” reflects no change.

Percentage change is calculated with unrounded rates.